# Poverty Trends in Central Asia

Tazeen Fasih World Bank November 1, 2023

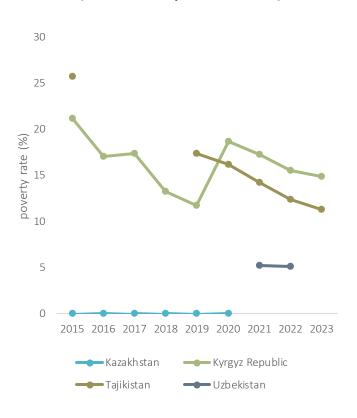
#### Period of Sluggish Growth

Between 1990 and 2013, more than one billion people escaped extreme poverty: extreme poverty rate fell from 37.8% to 11.7%

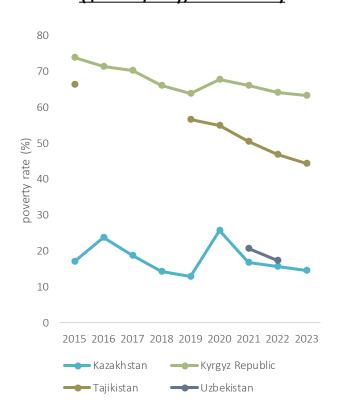
Today around 700 million human beings around the world are trying to survive today on less than \$2.15 dollars per day (the international extreme poverty line)

#### Post-COVID pace of poverty reduction has slowed in Central Asia

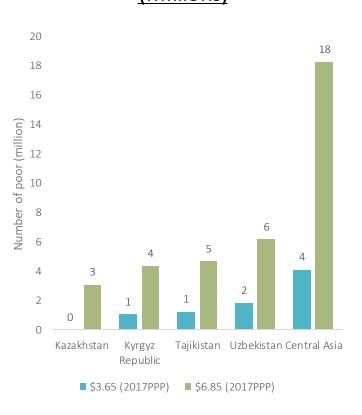
## <u>Lower middle-income poverty rate</u> (\$3.65/day, 2017PPP)



## <u>Upper middle-income poverty rate</u> (\$6.85/day, 2017PPP)



## Estimated Number of Poor in 2022 (millions)

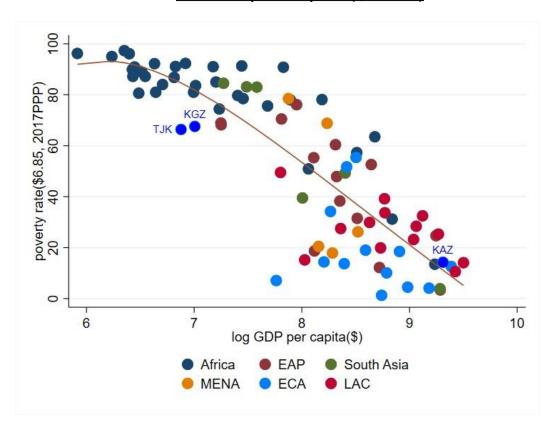


### Relative to their GDP per capita, Central Asian countries have lower poverty

Lower middle-income poverty rate (\$3.65, 2017PPP) vs GDP per capita (\$2015)

100 poverty rate(\$3.65, 2017PPP) 20 40 60 80 10 log GDP per capita(\$) South Asia LAC

<u>Upper middle-income poverty rate (\$6.85, 2017PPP)</u> <u>vs GDP per capita (\$2015)</u>

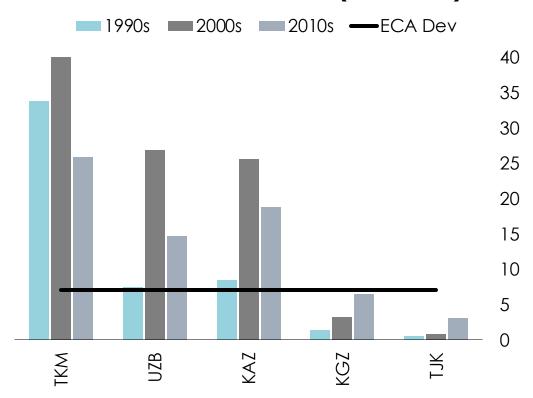


Source: WDI

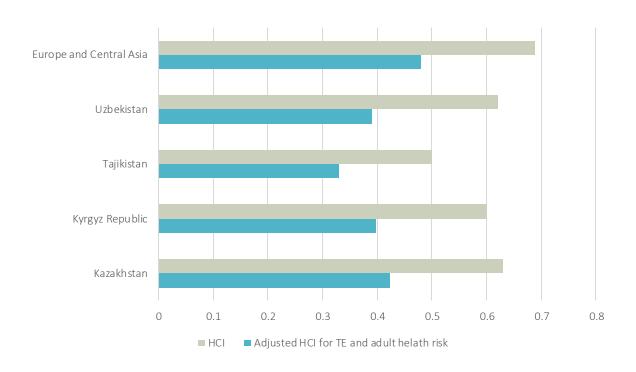
Note: figures show the latest available poverty rates since 2015 and excludes high-income countries

#### Rich in Natural Resources, but need to invest in Human Capital

#### Natural Resource Rents (% of GDP)



## HCI: OVERALL AND ADJUSTED FOR HIGHER EDUCATION QUALITY AND RISKS TO ADULT HEALTH



Source: Demirguc-Kunt, Asli; Torre, Ivan. 2020. Measuring Human Capital in Europe and Central Asia. Policy Research Working Paper; No. 9458. World Bank, Washington, DC. © World Bank.

#### Supporting people will drive region's growth

INCREASING PRODUCTIVITY IN EXISTING SECTORS/JOBS



SKILLED HUMAN CAPITAL

TRANSITIONING TO HIGH PRODUCTIVITY SECTORS



MANAGEMENT, TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION

PREPARING FOR A GREEN ECONOMY



REALLOCATE RESOURCES TO MOVE FACTORS OF PRODUCTION TO THE MOST EFFICIENT FIRMS

PREPARING FOR THE FUTURE OF WORK (AI, TECHNOLOGY, AUTOMATIZATION)



**ENTRY OF PRODUCTIVE FIRMS**